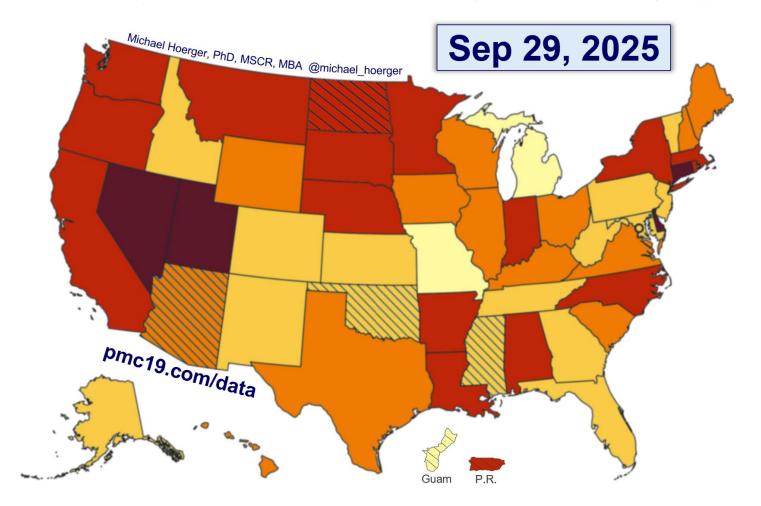
PMC U.S. COVID-19 Report for September 29, 2025. pmc19.com/data

Michael Hoerger, PhD, MSCR, MBA, Pandemic Mitigation Collaborative (PMC)



Cite as: Hoerger, M. (2025, September 29). *PMC U.S. COVID-19 Report for September 29, 2025*. Pandemic Mitigation Collaborative. http://www.pmc19.com/data

Announcements

Popular and News Media Coverage:

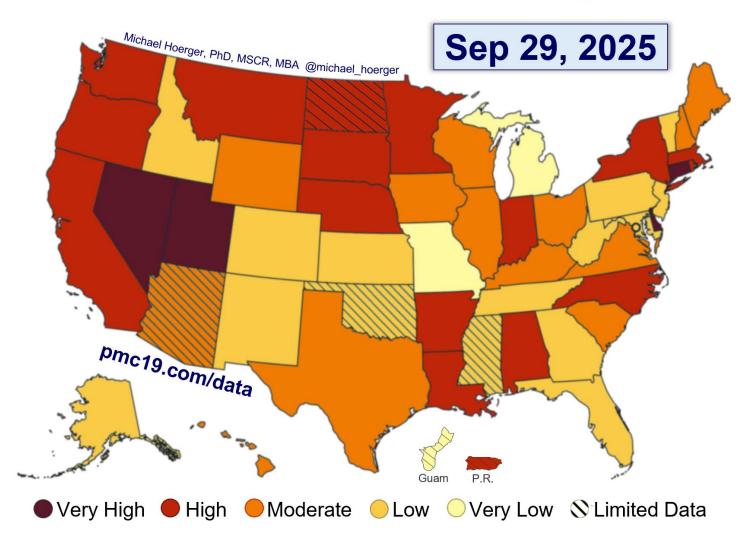
- Comedian Francesca Fiorentini with a public health roundup on YouTube, mentioning PMC late in the clip:
 - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yhr6Kwgrnhs
- Back-to-School Health Forum 2025: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=n5 RRRMS HU
- COVID Safety for Schools: https://youtube.com/watch?feature=shared&v=7q5CDiCXn7E
- The TODAY Show is tracking vaccinations and transmission, including using the PMC dashboard: https://www.today.com/health/coronavirus/covid-2025-summer-surge-rcna218754

Data Quality

- CDC (80% model weight) and Biobot (20%) both reported this week. Retroactive corrections were minimal.
- For geographic health equity, we have made 3 minor updates to the main heat map:
 - Switched from the CDC rectangular depiction of Guam to its actual shape.
 - Added Puerto Rico (CDC has excluded for some time, but they continue to report qualitative levels using CDC-style graphs, https://pmc19.com/puertorico). We report the most recent level at the time this report is written.
 - Added North Dakota's imputed transmission level. We have imputed quantitative estimates for North Dakota since the launch of PMC 3.0, using the average of the three neighboring states.

We would have preferred the CDC to have made these updates, but we are pleased to provide a more inclusive map.

COVID-19 Heat Map, Based on CDC Wastewater Data and Levels (U.S.)



As we depart from the peak of the 11th national wave, note that transmission is "Very Low" or "Very High" (CDC categories) in few areas. At a simple level, "COVD is everywhere," and in most places it is coming down from a peak or picking up from relatively lower levels. Transmission is shifting north and east.

COVID-19 State Prevalence Estimates

pmc19.com/data		Sep 29, 2025	Chances anyone is infectious			
		PMC Estimate, %	in a roo	om of 10	to 100	people
State	CDC Level	Actively Infectious	10	25	50	100
Alabama	High	1 in 33 (3.0%)	26%	54%	79%	95%
Alaska	Low	1 in 69 (1.5%)	14%	31%	52%	77%
Arizona	Moderate*	1 in 42 (2.4%)	21%	45%	70%	91%
Arkansas	High	1 in 38 (2.7%)	24%	49%	74%	93%
California	High	1 in 36 (2.8%)	24%	50%	75%	94%
Colorado	Low	1 in 69 (1.5%)	14%	31%	52%	77%
Connecticut	Very High	1 in 18 (5.6%)	44%	77%	95%	>99%
Delaware	Very High	1 in 24 (4.1%)	34%	65%	88%	98%
District of Columbia	Low	1 in 81 (1.2%)	12%	27%	46%	71%
Florida	Low	1 in 62 (1.6%)	15%	34%	56%	80%
Georgia	Low	1 in 101 (1.0%)	10%	22%	39%	63%
Guam	Very Low	1 in 130 (0.8%)	7%	18%	32%	54%
Hawaii	Moderate	1 in 53 (1.9%)	17%	38%	61%	85%
Idaho	Low	1 in 62 (1.6%)	15%	33%	55%	80%
Illinois	Moderate	1 in 60 (1.7%)	15%	34%	57%	81%
Indiana	High	1 in 27 (3.8%)	32%	62%	85%	98%
lowa	Moderate	1 in 58 (1.7%)	16%	35%	58%	82%
Kansas	Low	1 in 78 (1.3%)	12%	28%	48%	73%
Kentucky	Moderate	1 in 39 (2.6%)	23%	48%	73%	93%
Louisiana	High	1 in 36 (2.7%)	24%	50%	75%	94%
Maine	Moderate	1 in 40 (2.5%)	22%	47%	72%	92%
Maryland	Low	1 in 69 (1.4%)	14%	30%	52%	77%
Massachusetts	High	1 in 37 (2.7%)	24%	50%	75%	94%
Michigan	Very Low	1 in 111 (0.9%)	9%	20%	36%	60%
Minnesota	High	1 in 37 (2.7%)	24%	49%	74%	93%
Mississippi	Low*	1 in 70 (1.4%)	13%	30%	51%	76%

^{*} Limited data reporting

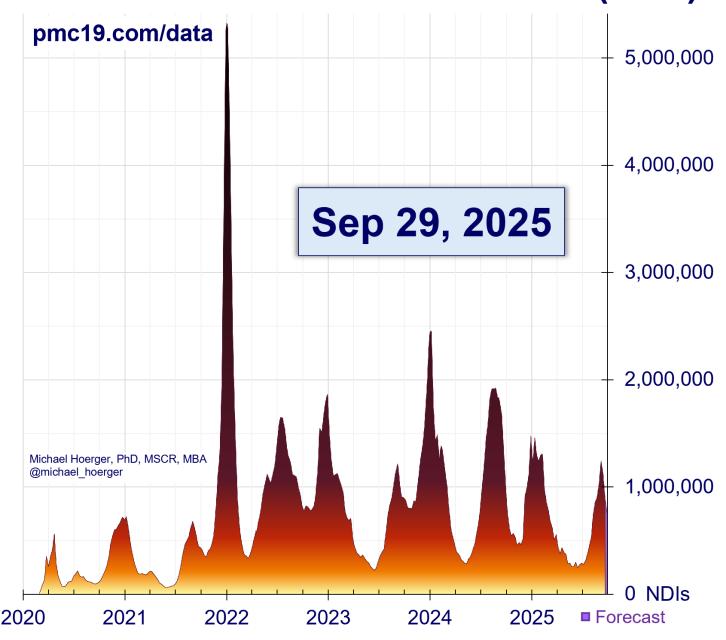
COVID-19 State Prevalence Estimates

Sep 29, 2025 pmc19.com/data **Chances anyone is infectious** in a room of 10 to 100 people **PMC Estimate, %** 10 100 **State** CDC Level **Actively Infectious** 25 **50** Very Low 1 in 156 (0.6%) 27% 6% 47% Missouri 15% High 1 in 37 (2.7%) 24% 50% 75% 94% Montana 1 in 27 (3.8%) Nebraska High 32% 62% 85% 98% Very High 1 in 15 (6.6%) >99% Nevada 50% 82% 97% New Hampshire Moderate 82% 1 in 59 (1.7%) 16% 35% 58% 1 in 82 (1.2%) 12% 71% New Jersey Low 27% 46% 1 in 102 (1.0%) **New Mexico** Low 9% 22% 39% 63% **New York** High 1 in 35 (2.8%) 25% 51% 76% 94% 1 in 35 (2.9%) North Carolina High 25% 52% 77% 94% 1 in 34 (3.0%) North Dakota High* 26% 53% 78% 95% 1 in 58 (1.7%) Ohio Moderate 16% 35% 58% 83% 1 in 81 (1.2%) Oklahoma Low* 12% 27% 46% 71% 1 in 32 (3.1%) 96% 27% 55% 80% Oregon High Pennsylvania 1 in 61 (1.6%) Low 15% 34% 56% 81% 1 in 33 (3.1%) 27% 79% 96% High Rhode Island 54% Moderate 1 in 40 (2.5%) South Carolina 22% 47% 72% 92% 30% South Dakota High 1 in 28 (3.5%) 59% 84% 97% 1 in 75 (1.3%) Tennessee Low 13% 28% 49% 74% 1 in 48 (2.1%) Texas Moderate 19% 41% 65% 88% 1 in 26 (3.8%) Very High Utah 32% 62% 86% 98% Vermont 1 in 69 (1.5%) Low 14% 31% 52% 77% Virginia Moderate 1 in 45 (2.2%) 20% 43% 67% 89% Washington 1 in 31 (3.2%) 28% 56% 80% 96% High West Virginia 77% 1 in 68 (1.5%) Low 14% 31% 52% Wisconsin 1 in 52 (1.9%) Moderate 18% 39% 62% 86% 19% 1 in 47 (2.1%) **Wyoming** Moderate 41% 66% 88%

Note that while Puerto Rico provides qualitative estimates, useful for the heat map, quantitative levels do not appear to be reported publicly.

^{*} Limited reporting; North Dakota has no data and uses the average of MN, MT, & SD

SARS-CoV-2 New Daily Infections, Wastewater-Derived Estimates (U.S.)



Ongoing minor retroactive corrections to wastewater data have been small, and we continue to estimate that the national peak was September 6, with 1.24 million new daily infections. Today's transmission (about ¾ of a million new daily infections) is estimated as similar or slightly higher than the peak of the winter 2020-21 wave and the peak of the delta wave (summer 2021).

National COVID-19 Estimates (U.S.)

Sep 29, 2025

pmc19.com/data

Infections

Proportion Actively Infectious	1 in 66 (1.5%)
New Daily Infections	743,000
Infections the Past Week	5,540,000
Infections in 2025	185,000,000
Cumulative Infections per Person	4.68

Long COVID

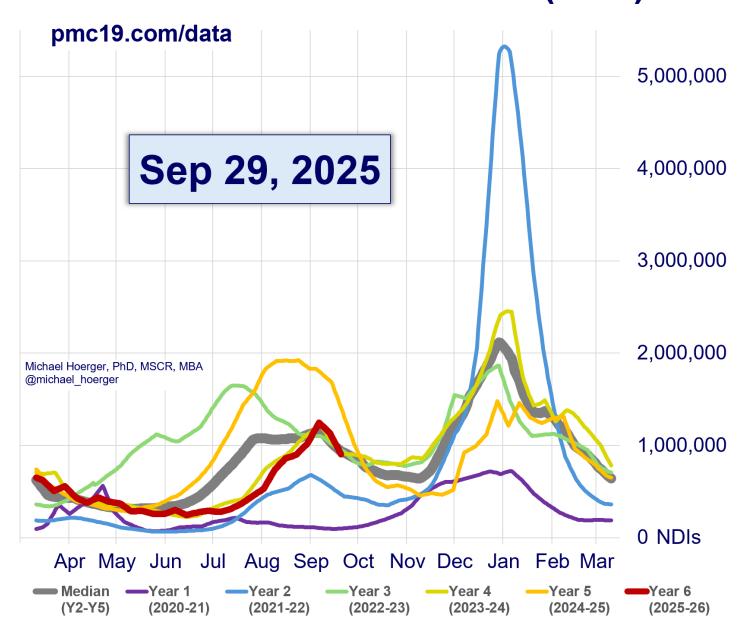
Long COVID Cases Resulting from New Daily Infections	37,000 to 149,000
Long COVID Cases Resulting from New Weekly Infections	277,000 to 1,110,000

Excess Deaths

Excess Deaths Resulting	210 to 350	
from New Daily Infections	210 10 330	
Excess Deaths Resulting	1,600 to 2,600	
from New Weekly Infections	1,000 10 2,000	

Infections, resulting post-acute sequelae, and resulting excess deaths remain high despite passing the national peak.

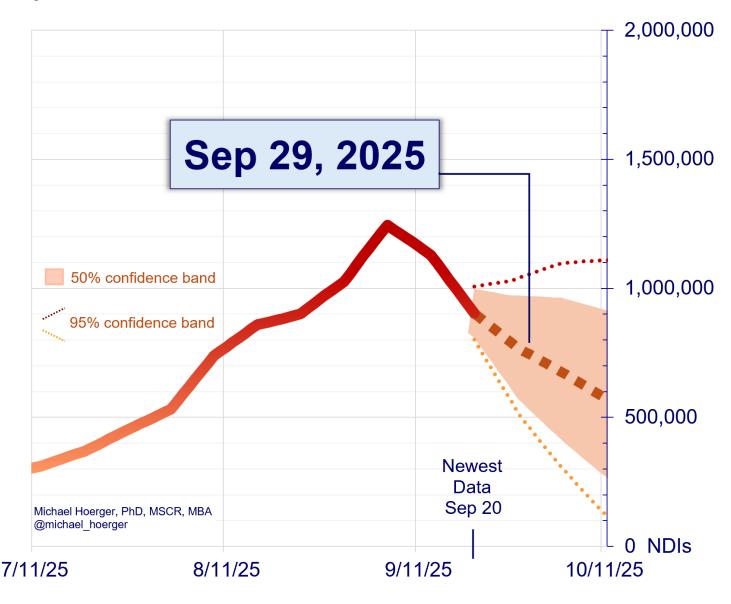
SARS-CoV-2 Year-Over-Year Estimates of Transmission (U.S.)



As noted the past several weeks, ongoing transmission (red) continues to closely track that of two years ago (yellow). That is a very simple "forecast" of what may lie ahead. Simple is good when relating this information to others who do not monitor transmission.

SARS-CoV-2 Transmission Forecast, Wastewater-Derived Estimates (U.S.)

pmc19.com/data



Our central forecast has transmission dipping a bit lower than 2 years ago. A key factor that our model does not account for is the extremely late rollout of COVID vaccines this cycle, and uncertainty about whether vaccination rates will be lower (quite likely due to increased barriers) or higher (due to renewed conversation about vaccines). A separate document called a Technical Appendix appears on the dashboard page and has more methodologic info. Search for key answers there first, and then send a public comment tagging Dr. H. on Twitter if further help is needed.